

# Iran in a Week

Iran won limited gains during Joe Biden's presidency, leading to a lack of optimism about Democratic candidate Kamala Harris. However, Donald Trump's return to the White House signals increased pressure

on Iran due to his previous stances. Iran's response to a threatened Israeli attack may serve as a critical indicator of Iran-US relations over the next four years. Trump's victory coincided with Israeli Prime Minister

Benjamin Netanyahu's dismissal of Defense Minister Yoav Gallant and the appointment of Israel Katz, known for his support of Netanyahu, suggesting a continuation of escalating tensions on various fronts.

## News

### Politics:



## The Iranian Embassy in Baku: President Pezeshkian will visit Baku to lead a delegation at COP29.



President of Iran's Strategic Council on Foreign Relations Kamal Kharazi: "Changing our nuclear doctrine is possible if we are threatened, and if the West does not take our concerns into account, we will extend the range of our missiles."



Javad Zarif: "Statements are made in Iran without considering their consequences, as they can become a document against Iran in the international court."

### Security and Military:



1 **Iranian Army Coordinating Deputy Habibollah Sayyari:** "If we wish, we can level Tel Aviv and Haifa to the ground."



2 **Judicial authority:** Death sentences have been issued for three people for the assassination of Mohsen Fakhrazadeh.



3 **Hengaw Human Rights Organization:** The execution of 161 prisoners in Iran took place during October, marking a 100% increase compared to the previous month, including a child, a political prisoner, five women, and nine Afghan citizens.

### The Region and the World:



Germany extends its travel ban for its citizens to Iran, requesting them to leave Iranian territory and warning of potential hostage situations.



Turkish Foreign Minister Hakan Fidan: "We conveyed Israel's messages to Iran through the United States."

### Economy:



The International Monetary Fund: Inflation in Iran will reach 31.7% this year, and the growth rate will be 3.7%.



The exchange rate of the dollar surpasses 70,000 tomans in the Tehran market, with analysts expecting the upward trend to continue.

### Society and Culture:



Member of the Parliamentary Education Committee Abolhassan Mostafavi: "Many treatment centers in the provinces have closed after 40 years of operation due to a shortage of doctors. Iran is estimated to have a shortage of 12,000 doctors."



A wave of criticism has erupted following the deaths of 70 dialysis patients due to contaminated medical solution.

## Editorials



**The Iranian Mindset and Loss of Independence:** The widespread and curious attachment of Iranians to the West is evident when comparing public interest in the recent US election to local elections. Iranians closely followed the US election on social media, while over 60% abstained from voting in the Iranian presidential election in June. This highlights the government's inability to bring happiness to Iranians, pushing them toward others.



**A Possible Shift in Iran's Nuclear Doctrine:** President of the Strategic Council on Foreign Relations Kamal Kharazi stated that "if Iran faces an existential threat, a change in the country's nuclear doctrine is possible." In the recent meeting between the supreme leader and students, he remarked, "In the face of arrogance, we will do everything necessary to prepare the Iranian people, whether militarily, in weaponry, or politically." Therefore, we may see a shift in Iran's nuclear doctrine.



**Public Anxiety Over Rising Regional Tensions:** We are trapped; our lives are blighted by fear and terror. We must remember that the most crucial duty of our leaders is to protect Iran, its wealth, and its people.