

# Iran in a Week

Iranian President Masoud Pezeshkian's campaign promises on human rights ring hollow. Following his victory, reports from both Iranian and international human rights organizations

indicate that the Iranian government has executed dozens of individuals, with the UN recently condemning the troubling rise in such executions. Many of these are undertaken based

on coerced confessions and in the absence of due process. As tensions with the West continue to escalate, human rights issues are poised to be central in US policy toward Iran.

## News

### Politics:



**Deputy Foreign Minister for Political Affairs Majid Takht-Ravanchi on the sidelines of his visit to Saudi Arabia: "We are determined, together with Riyadh, to establish peace in the region."**



**Foreign Minister Abbas Araghchi: "Several thousand advanced centrifuges will begin operating in response to the measure taken by European countries."**



**Advisor to the Supreme Leader and Member of the Expediency Discernment Council Ali Larjani: "Iran is currently preparing to respond to Israel."**

### Security and Military:



**1 Iranian Defense Minister Brigadier General Aziz Nasirzadeh during his meeting with the Venezuelan President: "Iran and Venezuela are in the same boat and trench against imperialism."**



**2 Member of the Parliamentary National Security Committee Ahmad Bakhshayesh Ardastani: "Let us build the nuclear bomb, and the new US administration will negotiate with Iran easily."**



**3 Commander of the IRGC Aerospace Division Brigadier General Ali Jafar Abadi: "The IRGC's roadmap in the space sector focuses on reaching an altitude of 36,000 kilometers above the earth's surface within four or five years."**

### The Region and the World:



**Human Rights Watch: "The Iranian regime uses executions to suppress ethnic minorities."**



**Canada Border Services Agency (CBSA): "Another senior member of the Iranian regime has been identified living in Canada, and his file has been sent to immigration for deportation."**

### Economy:



The dollar exchange rate reached 70,000 tomans following the resolution passed by the IAEA Board of Governors against Iran.



Iranian Economy Minister Abdolnasser Hemmati heads to Saudi Arabia to participate in the 28th Annual Meeting of the World Investment Promotion Agencies (WIPA).



**Parliament Speaker Ghalibaf: "At one time, we used to threaten our enemies by saying we would withhold our oil. Oil was a tool for threats. But where is the oil we can withhold today? And what is the lever we have?"**

### Society and Culture:



**Chairman of Tehran Chamber of Commerce Mahmoud Najafi Arab: "\$200 billion have left the country over the past decade with the migration of entrepreneurs, and 60% of Iranians express a desire to emigrate."**



Sunni cleric Fathi Mohammad Naqshbani sentenced to five years in prison after being humiliated in front of his companions during his arrest.



**Member of the Supreme Council of the Cultural Revolution Amir Hossein Bankipour: "20,000 deaths in road accidents is a large number, but 500,000 abortions annually exceed road accident deaths by 20 times."**

## Editorials



**IAEA Board of Governors Resolution Against Iran: Europe, in alliance with the United States and aligned with Netanyahu's agenda, has adopted a containment policy against Tehran. This aims to strip Tehran of its regional and international tools, paralyze its economy, incite internal tensions, and enforce international isolation, confining Iran within a circle of mounting pressures.**



**The Iranian Triangle for Reviving Negotiations: Iran has formed a triangle to revive nuclear talks, led by Ali Larjani, with the participation of Takht-Ravanchi and Iravani. Economic conditions and inflation have strained the population, increasing the risk of social unrest. Thus, Iran seems to be moving toward negotiations with Europe, which acts as a bridge between Tehran and Washington.**



**Accumulation of Intractable Problems: Autumn brings cold weather, polluted cities, stifling traffic, and power shortages testing patience. The IAEA resolution raises fears of harsher sanctions, while Russia and China benefit from Iran's predicament. Amid this, the "hardliners" push for hijab enforcement, ignoring issues like poverty and hunger.**