

# Iran in a Week

US President Donald Trump's decision to pause strikes on Iran for two weeks in exchange for reopening the Strait of Hormuz marks a pivotal moment shaped by military, economic and geopolitical considerations. Although presented as a clear victory, the move reflects mounting international pressure, including appeals from Pakistani Prime Minister Shehbaz Sharif and mediation by Pakistan's

military, alongside Chinese efforts to stabilize global energy markets. The strait's closure threatened severe economic disruption, making its reopening essential. Washington's acceptance of aspects of an Iranian proposal highlights recognition of the high costs and uncertainty of continued conflict. However, the truce remains fragile, as Tehran retains leverage while negotiations,

particularly in Islamabad, will determine whether progress toward a broader and more durable settlement can be achieved. Warnings from US commentators, including Tucker Carlson, about risks to global energy markets highlight the Gulf's central economic role. Even a limited strike on oil facilities could fuel inflation and recession, pushing regional states to contain escalation.

## News


### Politics:



**Iran's Supreme National Security Council:** "Iran has achieved a major victory."



**Deputy Parliament Speaker Ali Nikzad:** "If the 10 conditions are not approved, the supreme leader will not permit signing the agreement."



**MP Alaeddin Boroujerdi:** "If no agreement is reached, Iran will continue its previous policy." He further stressed that Iran has proven itself a strong player on the international stage.



**Military adviser to the supreme leader Mohsen Rezaei:** "Until Iran is fully assured its national interests are secured, it will keep its hands on the trigger."



**Head of the Atomic Energy Organization of Iran Mohammad Eslami:** "The attack on the Bushehr plant was the fourth of its kind and would have irreversible consequences for citizens, the environment and neighboring countries."




**Spokesman for Parliament's National Security Committee Ebrahim Rezaei:** "Iran is determined to manage the Strait of Hormuz intelligently."




**MP Mohsen Zanganeh:** "Supreme Leader Mojtaba Khamenei is fully aware and has suffered only minor injuries."

### Security and Military:




Major General Majid Khadami, head of the IRGC Intelligence Organization, has been killed.



The hacking group Hanzala announced it had extracted all data related to the Israeli entity's electrical infrastructure.




Majid Mousavi said a "domino of fire" has now begun, which only Iran has the ability to stop.



In its 55th statement, the IRGC public relations office said tribal groups in Kohgiluyeh and Boyer-Ahmad and Bakhtiari provinces had each independently shot down two Black Hawk helicopters.

### The Region and the World:



Leader of the People's Mojahedin Organization of Iran Maryam Rajavi said she hopes the 15-day ceasefire will lead to ending the war and pave the way toward peace and freedom.

### Economy:




Deputy Governor of Bushehr Province Ehsan Jahanian said that oil exports from Kharg Island have not declined; rather, indicators point to a highly favorable situation, with operations at oil companies in the Kharg export terminal continuing as normal.

### Society and Culture:



**HRANA:** Civilian deaths in Iran during the war have exceeded 1,700.



Rosatom Director General Alexey Likhachev said that regarding the attack on the Bushehr facility, the likelihood of a nuclear-type incident is unfortunately increasing.



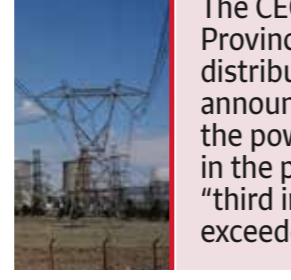
Commercial sources reported that some independent Chinese refineries have begun seeking spot shipments of Iranian crude oil.



**Iran's education minister:** 310 students and teachers were killed, 750 schools damaged.



**Amnesty International:** Iran violated international law and committed war crimes by recruiting children aged 12.



The CEO of Tehran Province's electricity distribution company announced that damage to the power grid across cities in the province during the "third imposed war" exceeded \$15.3 million.



The higher education minister said that, to date, 30 universities have been directly targeted.

## Editorials

1 اکویران  
تصویر اقتصاد ایران  
Eco Iran

**Ceasefire as a Multilayered Concession**  
A ceasefire, or even discussion of one, is portrayed as a concession benefiting the enemy by fostering divisions among officials that may spread to loyal segments of society. Such dynamics risk weakening national unity and cohesion. In this context, talk of negotiation and truce is seen as enabling the emergence of a "surrenderist current," whose elements are described as aligned with adversaries and emboldened by such discourse.

2 فرهنگستان  
The Farhikhftegan newspaper's

**Implications of Sharing Hormuz Transit Fees**  
Reports about dividing navigation fees in the Strait of Hormuz between Iran and Oman carry broader implications, including granting international legitimacy to the mechanism and limiting accusations of coercion.

3 شبد شرق  
Shargh

**The Present and Future of War Wars**, regardless of their outcomes, ultimately conclude through communication and agreement. The key priority is minimizing losses for states and populations, which often bear no responsibility for conflict.

4 اعتماد  
Etamad Newspaper

**A War Targeting Iran's Existence**  
The conflict is framed as a direct threat to Iran's existence, with emphasis on the need to prevent human and infrastructure losses.